Assignment 5.

Latest due date: Sunday, February 24th

Note: please make sure to include all figures and final results in the PDF report!

- 1. Prove each of the following on paper no computer:
 - $\cos(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}(e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta})$. Give a similar expression for $\sin(\theta)$.
 - $z\bar{z}=|z|^2$ where z complex. Note that |z| denotes the amplitude or length of |z|.
 - Given complex numbers x and y prove that $|\frac{x}{y}| = \frac{|x|}{|y|}$ and also that the angle of the polar form of $\angle(\frac{x}{y})$ is equal to $\angle x \angle y$. Note: \angle denotes the phase or angle.
- 2. (a) Plot in matlab the following signal, $s = \sin(80\pi t) + 0.5\sin(180\pi t)$, for 500 time points in the time interval t = [0, 0.5]. Make sure to label your x-axis with "Time (seconds)" and your y-axis with "Amplitude" and provide this plot in your report.
 - (b) Write an algorithm which will compute the corresponding 500 (complex) modes X for your signal s. Include in your report a plot of the amplitude x = |X| of these modes vs frequencies¹ (you do that in matlab plot using the command: plot([0:2:1000-2],x)). Title your x-axis as "Frequencies (Hz)" and y-axis as "Amplitude".
 - (c) Print out in your report the first 10 complex modes X (not amplitudes) and last 10 complex modes. Compare them and discuss your observations.
 - (d) Based on your observations from above how many of the frequencies or "modes" should you really need? Is there a way to save space in other words?

¹Note: here T = .5 and frequency f = 1/T = 2.