

1. Consider a function  $f: X \rightarrow Y$ .

a) Show that exactly one of the following identities for the image and pre-image<sup>1</sup> is wrong and prove the other three.

$$\begin{aligned} f(A \cup B) &= f(A) \cup f(B), & f^{-1}(A \cup B) &= f^{-1}(A) \cup f^{-1}(B), \\ f(A \cap B) &= f(A) \cap f(B), & f^{-1}(A \cap B) &= f^{-1}(A) \cap f^{-1}(B) \end{aligned}$$

b) Let  $(Y, \tau_y)$  be a topological space. Show that  $f^{-1}(\tau_y) = \{f^{-1}(G) : G \in \tau_y\}$  is a topology on  $X$  (an *induced* topology).

c) Let  $(X, \tau_x)$  be a topological space. Show that  $\{H \subset Y : f^{-1}(H) \in \tau_x\}$  is a topology on  $Y$  (a *co-induced* topology).

d) Show that the induced topology is the weakest topology and the co-induced topology is the strongest topology such that the function  $f$  is continuous.

2. Let  $(X, \tau_x)$  and  $(Y, \tau_y)$  be topological spaces such that the function  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  is continuous. Exactly one of the following statements is true. Prove it.

a) The image of any compact set is compact.

b) The pre-image of any compact set is compact.

3. Let  $(X, \tau)$  be a topological space. Prove that  $\mathcal{G}$  is a base of the topology  $\tau$  if and only if

$$\forall G \in \tau \forall x \in G \exists G_x \in \mathcal{G} : x \in G_x \subset G.$$

4. Let  $(X, \tau)$  be a topological space. Let  $K$  be a compact set and  $\{E_\alpha\}_{\alpha \in A}$  be a collection of sets that satisfy

- $\forall \alpha \in A: E_\alpha \subset K$ ;
- $\forall \alpha \in A: E_\alpha$  is closed;
- $\forall \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n \in A: \bigcap_{k=1}^n E_{\alpha_k} \neq \emptyset$ .

Prove<sup>2</sup> that  $\bigcap_{\alpha \in A} E_\alpha \neq \emptyset$ .

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<sup>1</sup>By definition,  $f(A) = \{y \in Y : \exists x \in A, y = f(x)\}$  and  $f^{-1}(B) = \{x \in X : f(x) \in B\}$

<sup>2</sup>Hint is available.